In June 2024, we released new enhancements for our Monthly mortgage repayment cover. We know that insurance terminologies aren't always self-explanatory, so check out the guide below to find out what these changes mean for you.



### Enhancement: Lifting our offsets threshold.

Monthly benefit over	
\$5,000 at claim time.	

If the insured person doesn't have a **mortgage**, the amount of **monthly benefit** in excess of \$5,000 will be reduced by **other income**.

Before.

If they have a mortgage:

- if the amount insured at time of application is the total mortgage repayment, the amount of monthly benefit in excess of \$5,000 will be reduced by any gross income, or
- if the amount insured at the time of application is the total mortgage repayment less gross income, the amount of monthly benefit in excess of \$5,000 will be reduced by any increase in the gross income between application time and claim time.

#### Now.

Monthly benefit over \$7,500 at claim time.

 If the monthly benefit is over \$7,500 at claim time, the amount of monthly benefit in excess of \$7,500 will be reduced by other income.

#### What does this mean for me?

Offsets are reductions in the amount we pay out to you at claim time, due to other income you may receive.

Our offsets threshold has now increased from \$5,000 to \$7,500 per month, meaning there'll be more guaranteed money in your pocket before offsets start to apply.

You may have also noticed that we've simplified how offsets work as part of Monthly mortgage repayment cover.

Before, they were calculated using multiple factors, and differed depending on your mortgage status.

Now, when offsets begin to apply, they'll simply be tied to other income regardless of whether or not you have a mortgage.

# Enhancement: Allowing for cover to be based on 115% of rent payments.

Before.	Now.	What does this mean for me?
Cover can be based on:  115% of mortgage repayment (investment or residential property).  45% of gross income.	Cover can be based on:  115% of mortgage repayment (investment or residential property).  45% of gross income.  115% of rent payments.	Before, there were only 2 factors you could base your cover on — 45% of your gross income, or 115% of your mortgage repayments.  Now, if you're a renter, you can choose to base your cover on 115% of rent payments instead.  This could mean an increase in cover for you — especially if you spend a large proportion of your income on rent.

## Why choose Fidelity Life?













<sup>\*</sup> Fidelity Life has an A- (Excellent) financial strength rating from A.M. Best. The rating scale that this rating forms part of is available for inspection at our offices. For more information please visit Fidelity Life's financial strength page.